

Adventures in TclOO

or, Here's Some Tricks I've Been Up To

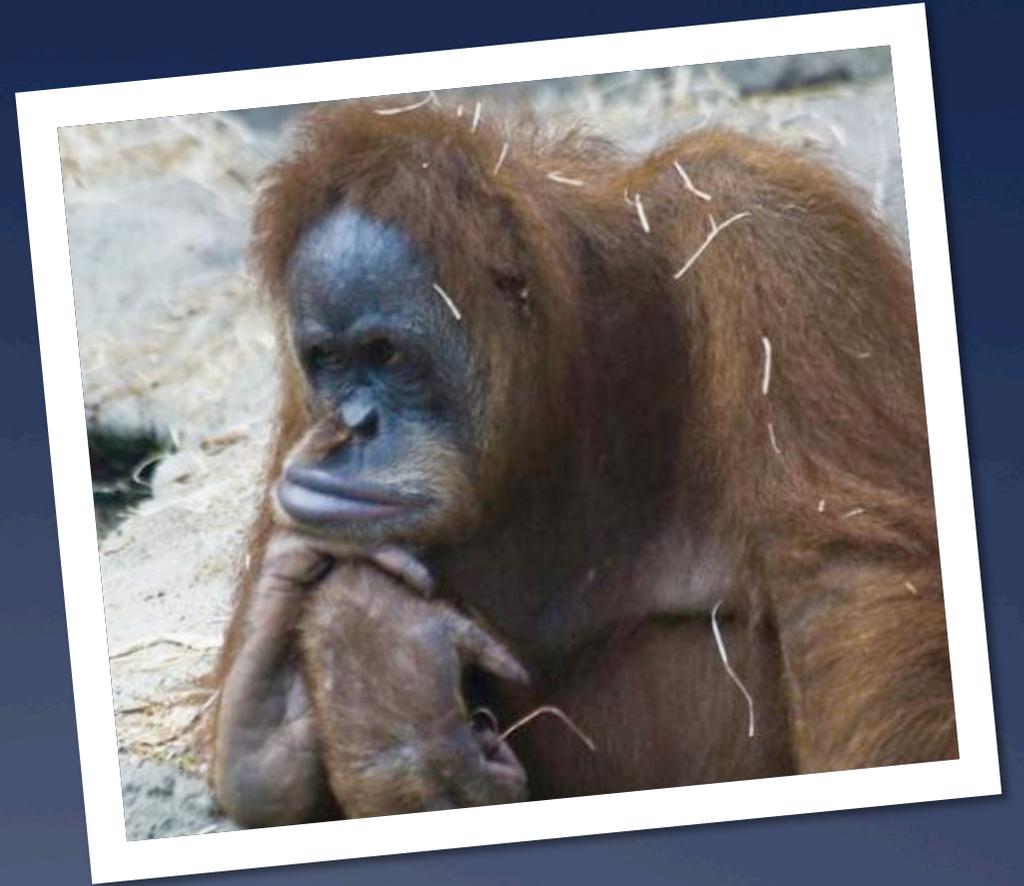
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Outline

- * A Quick TcIOO Refresher
- * Support Class for REST
- * Wrapping TDBC with ORM
- * Extending TcIOO with Annotations
- * Where to go in the Future





A Quick TclOO...

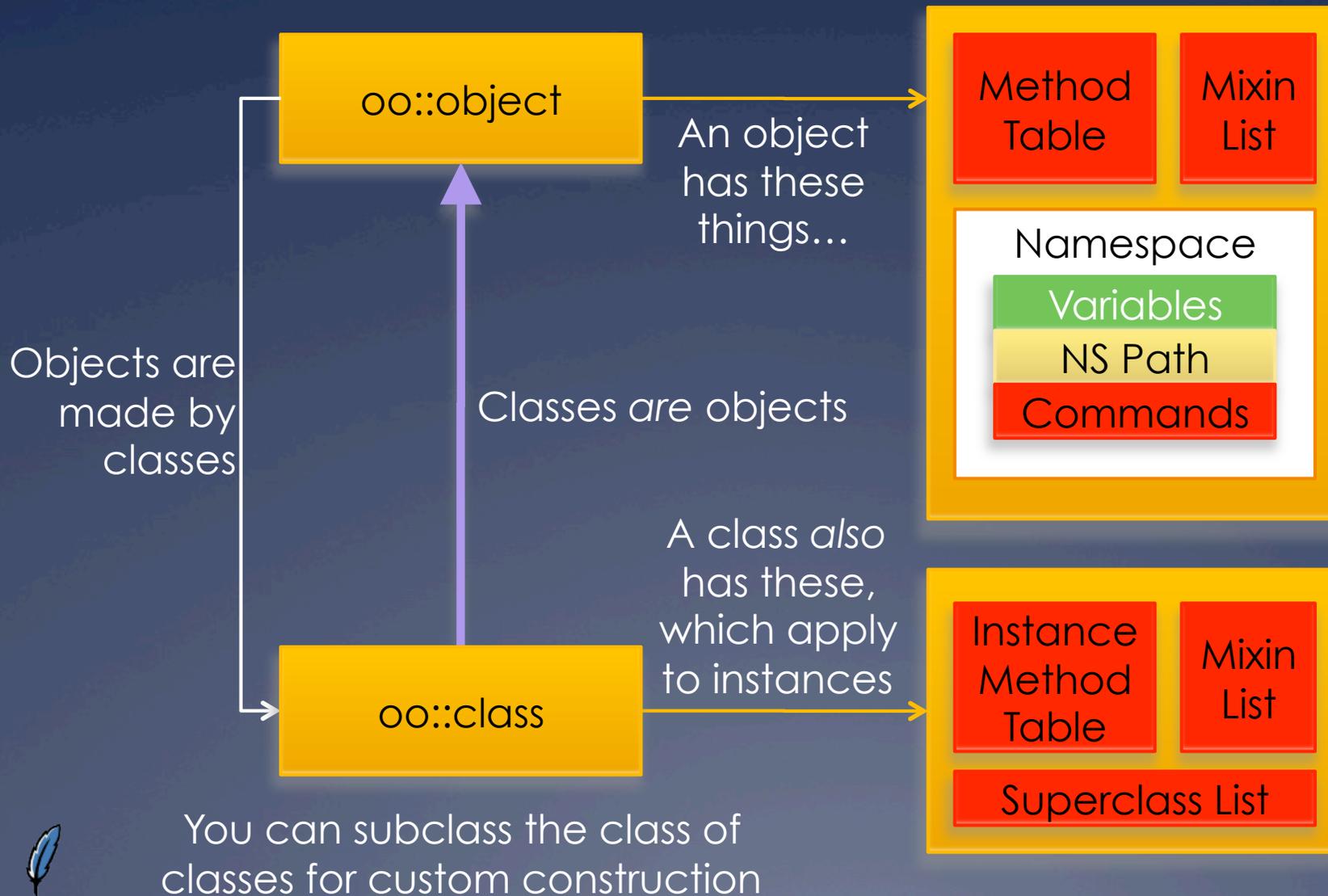
Refresher

TclOO Refresher

- * Object System
 - * Incorporated in 8.6, Package for 8.5
- * Designed for
 - * Keeping Out of Your Way
 - * Being Tcl'ish and Dynamic
 - * Being Powerful and Extensible
- * Key Features
 - * Single-Rooted Inheritance Hierarchy
 - * Classes are Objects and May be Extended
 - * Object's Namespace contains Object's Variables
 - * Class (Re-)Definition by Separate Command



The Anatomy Lesson





Support Class for...

REST

REpresentational State Transfer

- * REST is Way of Doing Web Services
 - * Popular
 - * Easy to Use in *Ad Hoc* Way
- * Strongly Leverages HTTP
 - * Verbs are GET, PUT, DELETE, POST, ...
 - * Nouns are Resources with URLs
 - * View of Resources Determined by Content Negotiation



Example...

- * **http://example.org/pizzas** is a Pizza Parlor
- * **GET http://example.org/pizzas**
 - * Returns Current List of Pizzas
- * **GET http://example.org/pizzas/123**
 - * Returns Description of Pizza #123
- * **GET http://example.org/pizzas/123/pepperoni**
 - * Returns Amount of Pepperoni on Pizza



Example... Updates

- * **PUT <http://example.org/pizzas/123/pepperoni>**
 - * Sets Amount of Pepperoni on Pizza #123
 - * Idempotent
- * **POST <http://example.org/pizzas>**
 - * Makes a New Pizza from Scratch
 - * Request document says what to make
 - * Redirects to Created Pizza
- * **DELETE <http://example.org/pizzas/123>**
 - * Gets Rid of Pizza #123
 - * Idempotent

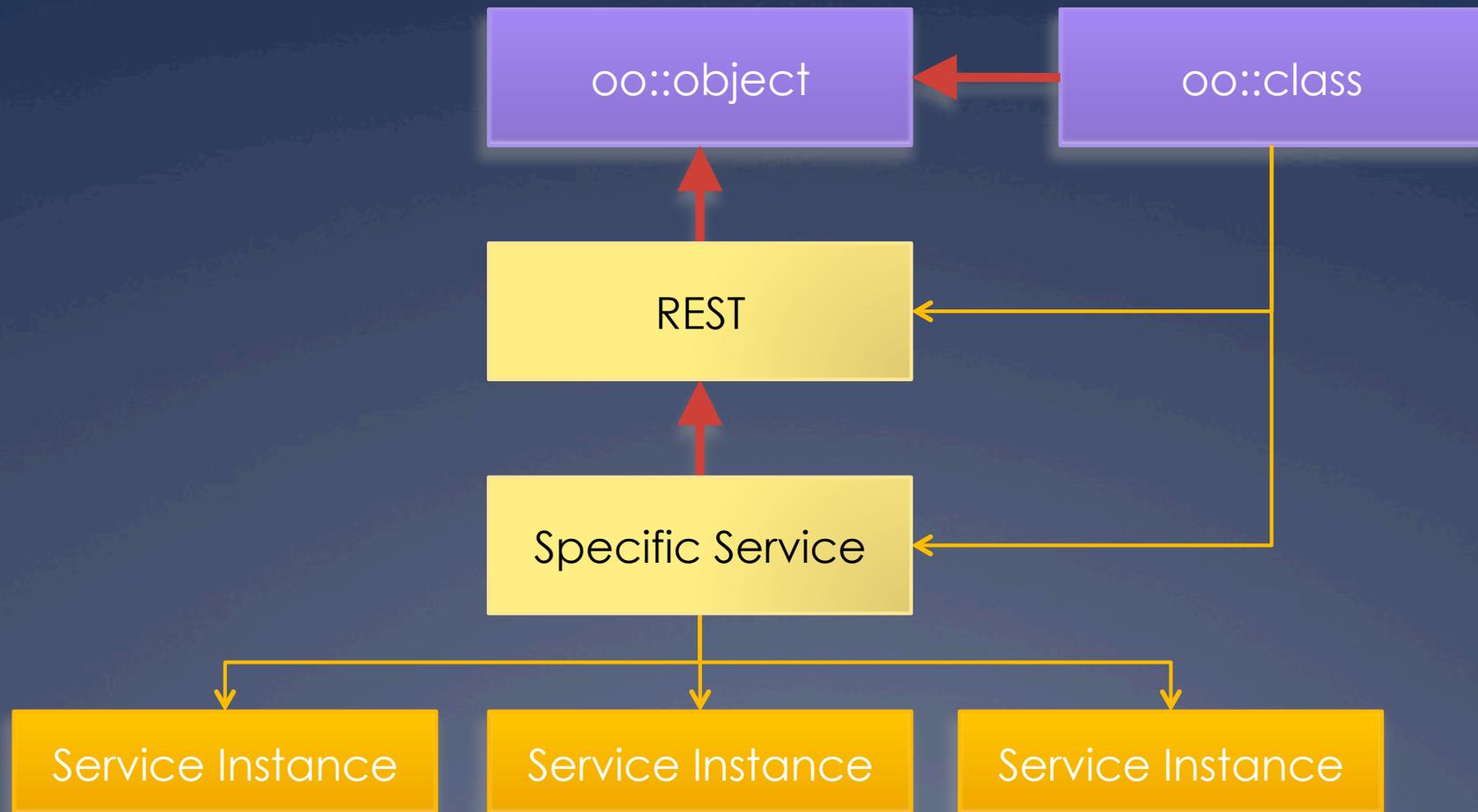


REST Class

- * TcIOO Class
 - * Wrapper for http package
 - * Models a Base Resource
 - * Methods for Each HTTP Verb
 - * Designed to be Subclassed!
- * Some Production Use
 - * Testing Interface for Very Complex REST Service
 - * More than 35 Operations with non-fixed URLs
 - * Still Growing...



General Plan



Code (Simplified)

```
method DoRequest {
  method url {type ""} {value ""} {
    for {set rs 0} {$rs < 5} {incr rs} {
      set tok [http::geturl $url \
        -method $method \
        -type $type -query $value]
      try {
        if {[http::ncode $tok] > 399} {
          # ERROR
          set msg [my ExtractError $tok]
          return -code error $msg
        } elseif {[http::ncode $tok] > 299
          || [http::ncode $tok] == 201} {
          # REDIRECT
          try {
            set location [dict get \
              [http::meta $tok] Location]
          } on error {} {
            error "missing location!"
          }
          my OnRedirect $tok $location
        } else {
          # SUCCESS
          return [http::data $tok]
        }
      } finally {
        http::cleanup $tok
      }
    }
    error "too many redirections!"
  }
}

method GET args {
  return [my DoRequest GET \
    $base/[join $args "/"]]
}
```

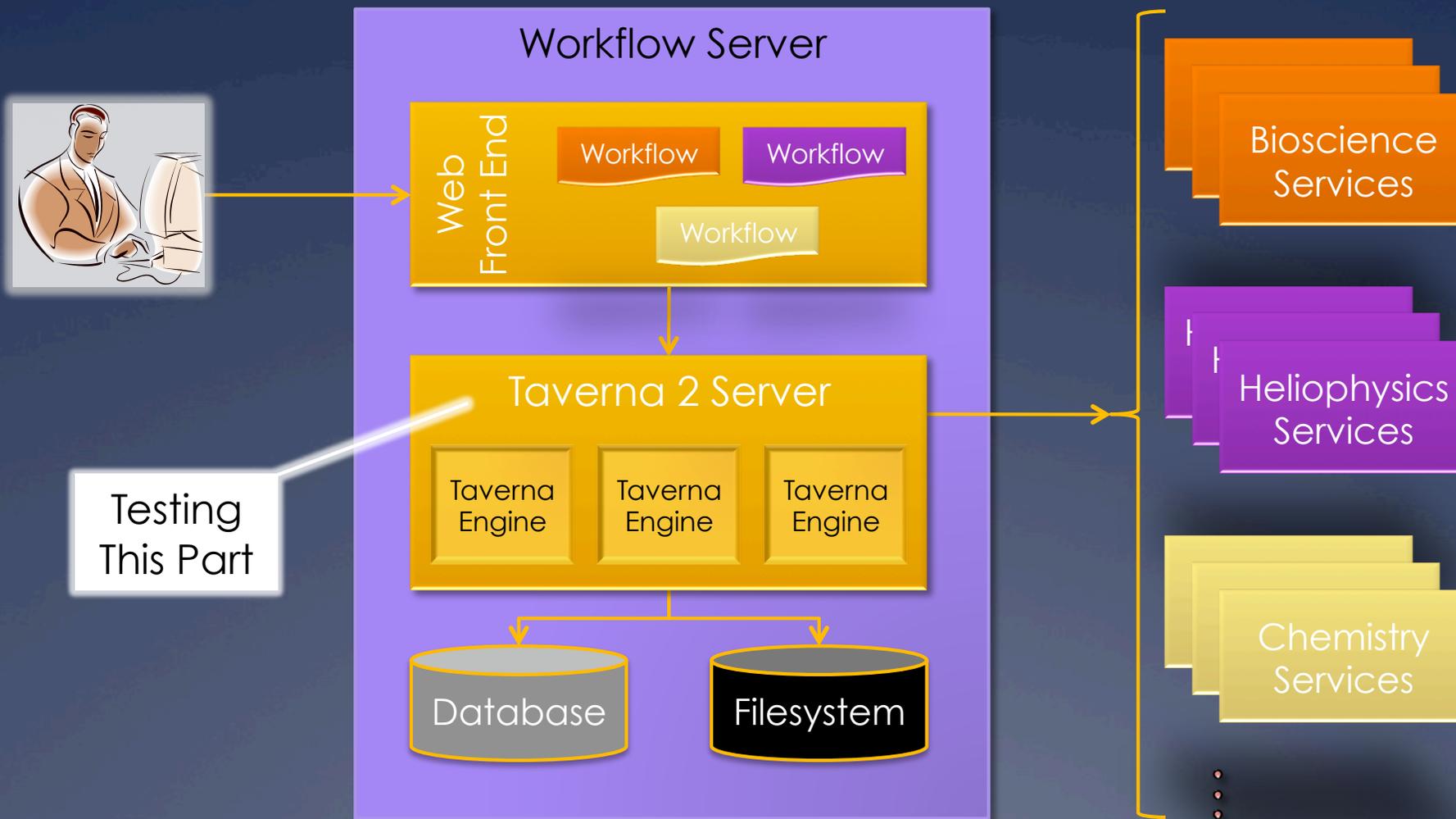


Usage

```
oo::class create Service {  
  superclass REST  
  # ... etc ...  
  
  method status {{status ""}} {  
    if {$status eq ""} {  
      return [my GET status]  
    }  
    my PUT status text/plain $status  
    return  
  }  
}
```



What I Was Using This For





Wrapping TDBC with...

ORM

Object-Relational Mapping

- * Objects are Natural Way to Model World
 - * Well, much of it...
- * Relational Databases are Excellent at Managing Data
- * Build Links between Objects and Databases
 - * Many Languages Have Them
 - * Java, C#, Ruby, ...
 - * Wanted to do in Tcl
 - * Leverage TclOO and TDBC

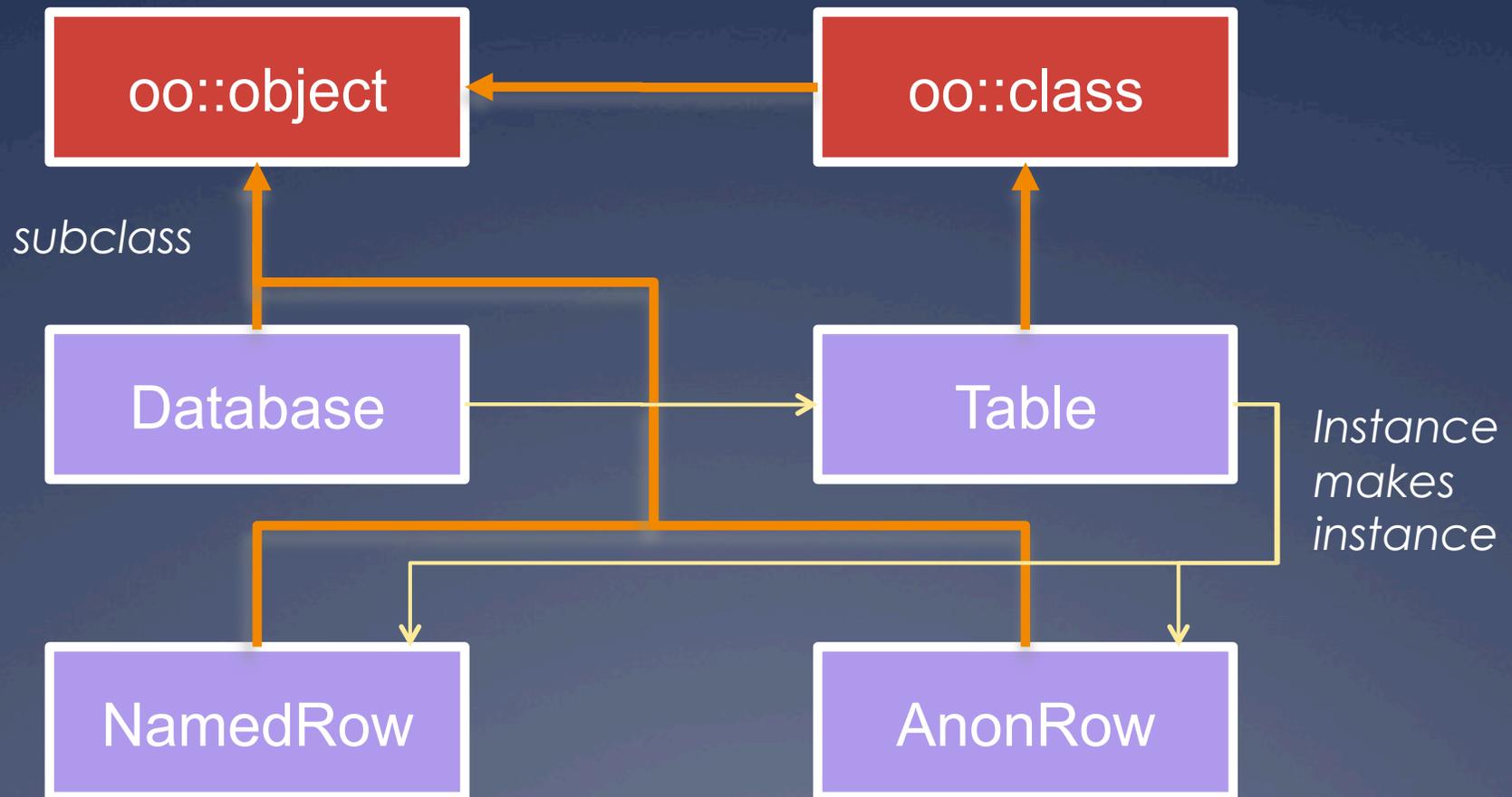


Data First or Objects First?

- * Data First
 - * Data is already in the database
 - * How to introspect database's structure
 - * How to represent naturally as objects
- * Objects First
 - * Data is in objects
 - * How to construct database to store and restore
- * My ORM Package is Data First
 - * Dynamic class construction!



Basic Class Plan



Example of Use

```
# Connect to Database with TDBC
set conn [tdbc::sqlite3::connection new "mydb.sqlite3"]

# Create all the classes holding the mapping
ORM::Database create db $conn

# Illustrate use by printing out all orders
db table order foreach order {
  puts "Order #[$order id]"
  puts "Customer: [[$order customer] firstname]\
  [[$order customer] surname]"
  puts "Address: [[$order dispatch] house]\
  [[$order dispatch] street]"
  puts "Address: [[$order dispatch] city],\
  [[$order dispatch] state]"
  puts "Description:\n\t[$order description]"
  puts ""
}
```





Extending TclOO with...

Annotations

What is an Annotation?

- * Additional Arbitrary Metadata
 - * Attached to Class or Part of Class
 - * User-Defined Purpose
 - * Easy way to add information without doing big changes to TcOO's C implementation
- * Uses from Other Languages
 - * Documentation
 - * Constraints
 - * Coupling to Container Frameworks
 - * Persistence, Web Apps, Management, ...



Annotation Syntax

```
@SomeAnnotation -foo bar  
oo::class create Example {
```

```
  @AnotherAnnotation  
  variable x
```

```
  @GuessWhatThisIs  
  constructor {} { ... }
```

```
  @HowAboutThis?  
  @More...  
  method xyzy {x y} { ... }  
}
```

```
# To read the annotations...  
puts [info class annotation Example]
```



Types of Annotations

- * Annotations Specify What They Attach To
 - * Classes
 - * Methods
 - * Any declaration...
- * Examples
 - * @Description
 - * @Argument
 - * @Result
 - * @SideEffect



Declaring an Annotation

```
oo::class create Annotation.Argument {  
  superclass Annotation.Describe  
  variable annotation method \  
    argument
```

```
# Save what argument this applies to  
constructor {type argName args} {  
  set argument $argName  
  next $type {*}$args  
}
```

```
# How an annotation is introspected  
method describe {v {n ""} {an ""}} {  
  upvar 1 $v result  
  if {[length [info level 0]] == 3} {  
    lappend result $method
```

```
    return  
  }  
  if {$method ne $n} {  
    return  
  }  
  if {[length [info level 0]] == 4} {  
    lappend result $argument  
    return  
  } elseif {$argument eq $a} {  
    set result [join $annotation]  
    return -code break  
  }  
}
```

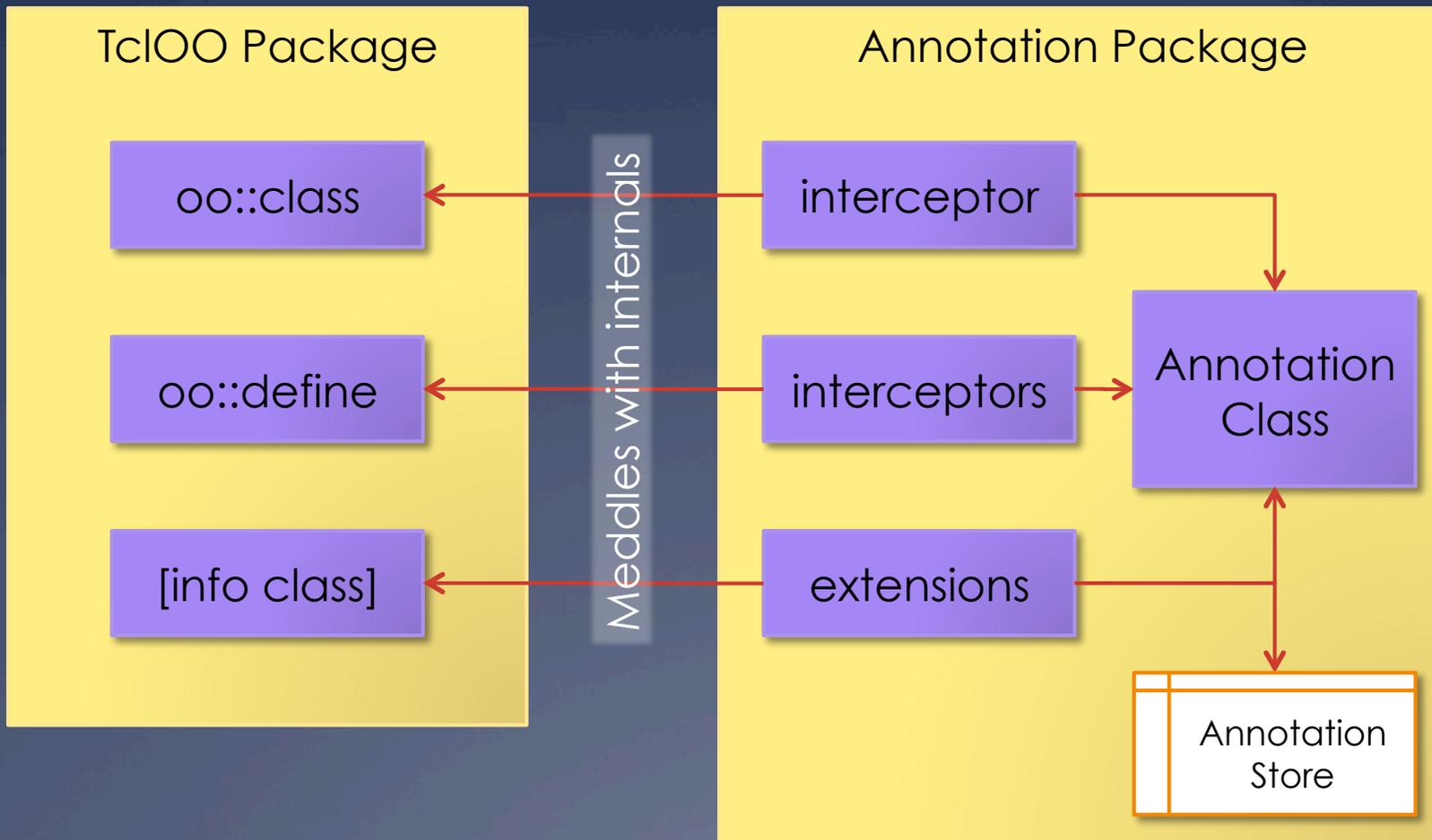


Under the Hood

- * Every Class has List of Annotations Applied to it
- * Attaching to Classes
 - * Uses Standard Unknown Handler
 - * Rewrites oo::class Command
- * Attaching to Declarations
 - * Rewrites Whole TcIOO Declaration System
 - * Change Declaration
 - * Local Unknown Handler
- * Adding Introspection
 - * Extra commands in [info class] via ensemble



Under the Hood





Where to go in the

Future?

Future of REST Class

- * Contribute to Tcllib
- * Needs More Features First
 - * Authentication Support
 - * Cookie Handling
 - * WADL Parser
 - * Well, maybe...



Future of ORM

- * Much Work Needed
 - * What is natural way to handle object deletion?
 - * What is best way to handle complex keys?
 - * What is best way to bring in objects?
 - * What sort of cache policy should be used?
- * Support Object-First Style
 - * With annotations?



Future of Annotations

- * Too Hard to Declare
 - * Far too much work!
- * Introspection Axes Wrong
 - * Current code uses very unnatural order
- * Add to TcIOO?
 - * Depends on issues being resolved
- * Find Cool Things to Do, e.g...
 - * Augment ORM?
 - * Ways of *creating* server-side REST bindings

